FOIAb3b1 ST Approved For Release 2000/08/03 : CIA-F POST-DISPATCH

E. 344,575 S. 569.578

OCT 17 1965

CPYRGHT

Strategy Changein Viet Nam

Belief Growing That Large-Scale U.S. Effort Mayi Succeed Soon

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CPYRGHT_{WASHINGTON}, Oct. 16

THE OUTLINES of a new strat egy in Viet Nam are emerging a the influx of massive American military strength begins to tak effect.

In its simplest terms, the new strategy come to the conference table. calls for the use of large amounts of Ameri can men and guns to win a military victory in the south.

Some spectacular successes have changed the official atmosphere from the pessimism of six months ago, when the American ef fort faced imminent military defeat, to a surgency can be broken in the foreseeable future, possibly within months.

Even the failures have helped promoted the emerging strategy. The lesson many planners drew this week, when 2000 Viet Cong slipped out of a trap sprung by combined American and South Viet Namese forces, was: Secrecy is better kept when the Americans go it alone.

THE SUCCESSES have strengthened the position of the so-called war hawks those who never had much use for "special warfare" and counterinsurgency techniques, who wanted to bomb North Viet Nam or even China years ago, who have regretted President Lyndon B. Johnson's offers to negotiate, and who believe that peace talks now would lead to a nertralist South Viet Nam instead of the anti-Communist bastion they see as a possibility.

The 'relatively benign policy of counter insurgency!" must be put aside for the time being, in the words of a policy paper being circulated at high levels in the Administra-

Tion. Approved For Releast 2000/08/03/06 CA RD 75-60001R00010010010047-5

reliance on armed force increases, and minds of the population.

was to emphasize how little they were being four months. used.

among the victims of a war fought increasingly with heavy bombs and artillery.

A new defense of this strategy is being heard in Washington. Critics are being assured that surveys of civilian populations subjected to air attacks show that they blame the war in general for their suffering rather than the particular nation that is doing the bombing.

ONE STUDENT of civilian behavior, arguing in support of the enlarged war in Viet Nam, contends that the rape of a single Viet Namese woman by an American sol- had in mind. dier causes far more resentment against the United States than does the destruction of an entire village.

Less is heard, too, about a negotiated settlament. When the outlook was black, the Administration was nagging potential gobe meens in Communist and neutralist count '3 to try to persuade North Viet Nam to

Now that the military situation appears brighter, officials are emphasizing that negotiation with the Communists is not the only likely solution.

Officials pointed out this week that the problem could also be solved by an unannounced slowing down of North Viet Namese growing conviction that the back of the in assistance and Viet Cong activity in the

> The outcome thus need not follow the pattern of the Indochina war or the Algerian revolution, with their formal peace talks between the insurgents and the French. Instead, it could follow the examples of Greece and the Philippines after World War I, when both nations successfully resisted Communist-led insurgencies.

IN GREECE, the officials pointed out, he Communists simply were worn down and eventually retreated into Bulgaria. The implication was that the Communist-led forces in South Viet Nam might be worn lown eventually and caused to retreat into North Viet Nam.

President Johnson has by no means bought he entire hard line. He has not accepted he formula attributed to the new director of the Central Intelligence Agency, William "a Rotterdam policy in the north and a Dominican policy in the south. Raborn is said to have explained that this meant saturation bombing of Hanoi and

Bombers attacking the north have kept less is heard about the winning of the hearts clear of the Hanoi area, where there would be a chance of direct military confronta-Officials no longer are reluctant to talk tion with the Soviet Union. Russian-built about American use of napalm, tear gas missiles, which are concentrated around and crop-destroying aerial sprays. Six the North Viet Namese capital, have shot months ago, if they were discussed at all it down five American planes in the last

The American troop build-up has reached Despite efforts to avoid injuring civilians 145,000 and is expected to reach 200,000 in the fight against the Viet Cong, women eventually. Some military leaders speak of and children and old men are inevitably/a 1,000,000-man American force, but others scoff at that figure. American troops in the Korean war numbered about 250,000.

A measure of the build-up is the weekly casualty figure. Fifty-eight Americans were killed in action in Viet Nam last week. Total American casualties rose to 806 hostile deaths, 309 nonhostile deaths, 4259 wounded in action, 76 missing in action, and 21 detained by the enemy.

Strategists generally avoid the term victory, although in recent weeks that is

THEY BASE their present optimism on the apparent ability of the increased manpower and fire-power to defeat the Vict Cong any time the Reds stand still for a fight in regimental or. division strength. The war had been going in the direction of big-unit engagements, and the South Viet Namese army was in serious trouble until bolstered by American combat troops.

The immediate task, therefore, is to pound and kill and harry the Viet Cong's main force until its gives up or, more likely, breaks up into small guerrilla bands to continue the fighting without affording a good target.

Once the Viet Cong have been forced to return to guerrilla warfare, it is thought here, the insurgency will be close to defeat. The shift will mean breaking up elaborate supply lines for weapons and supplies, going back to using homemade or captured American arms, and, worst of all, admitting to the Viet Cong rank-and-file that there will not be a quick victory after all.

The strategy paper mentioned earlier says that there are three possible outcomes from the American point of view-defeat,

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